## SYLLABUS FOR WRITTEN TEST

## POST NAME: TECHNICAL ASSISTANT (ELECTRICAL)

Qualification: 3 Year Diploma in Electrical Engineering

**Engineering Physics:** Units & Dimensions – Work, Power & Energy – Statics & Dynamics – Friction – Simple Harmonic Motion – Electricity & Magnetism – Properties of matter – Photo Electric Effect

**Engineering Chemistry:** Structure of atom – Chemical bonding – Oxidation – Reduction – Solutions – Acids & Bases – Polymers – Fuels – Electrochemistry – Corrosion – Principles of metallurgy

**Engineering Mathematics:** Matrices & Determinants – Co-ordinate geometry – Algebra – Vector algebra – Trigonometry – Logarithm – Differential calculus – Applications of differentiation

**Electrical Engineering materials:** Conducting materials – Semi-conducting materials – Insulating materials – Dielectric materials – Magnetic materials – Special purpose materials

**Basic Electrical Engineering:** Basic Principles of electricity – DC Circuits & Network theorems – Work, Power & Energy – Electrical Units – Heating effects of electric current – Single phase AC circuits – Poly phase AC circuits – Magnetic effect of electric current – Electromagnetic induction – Electrostatics & capacitance

**DC Machines:** Fundamentals of DC Generators – Construction, Principle of operation, losses, power stages, Efficiency – Armature Reaction & Commutation – Types & Characteristics of DC Generators, Applications – Fundamentals of DC Motors – Principle of operation, Back EMF, Types & characteristics, losses, power stages, Efficiency, Speed Control & Braking, Starters for DC Motors – Testing of DC Machines – Applications

**Single phase Transformers:** Principle of operation & constructional details – Phasor diagram & Equivalent circuit – Transformer tests, losses, Voltage regulation, efficiency, All day efficiency, Auto transformers, Parallel operation, Applications

**Three phase transformers:** Construction and type of connections – Parallel operation & Load sharing – Methods of cooling – Transformer accessories – Transformer oil testing – Earthing – Applications – Maintenance

Alternators: Working principle and constructional details – Types – EMF equation – Methods of obtaining sine wave - Load characteristics, performance & testing – Cooling of alternators –

excitation and exciters - Parallel operation & synchronisation – Armature reaction – Voltage regulation – Application – Maintenance

**Three phase Induction motor:** Principle of operation, construction and characteristics – Types of motors – Slip and slip frequency – torque – characteristics – phasor diagram – equivalent circuit – no load test and blocked rotor test – circle diagram – losses – efficiency – speed control – starters – types of starters – circuits – applications

**Single phase Induction motor:** Principle of operation and characteristics – Starting methods – Types of Induction motors and their construction, operation, characteristics & applications

**Synchronous motors:** Principle of operation – methods of starting – construction – characteristics – effects of excitation – hunting – damper winding – applications

**Special AC/DC machines:** Construction & working, Permanent magnet motors – AC and DC Servo motors – Stepper motors – types, construction & principle of working – Characteristics – comparisons – applications – AC series motor, universal motor, repulsion motor, reluctance motor, hysteresis motor

**Measurement and Instrumentation:** Methods of measurements, Classification of instruments, characteristics of Instruments Operating torques, Working and construction, damping systems, Range extension, Instruments for measurement of current, voltage, R, L, C, Power, Energy, Power factor, Frequency, Phase difference, waveform – Instruments types – operation – principles – construction – working – Rectifier type instruments – Instruments transformers – Testing, Errors and characteristics of CT and PT – Megger – Earth tester – Multimeters – Synchroscope – CRO – CRT – Digital storage oscilloscope – Transducers and sensors

**Electric power Generation:** Conventional methods of power generation – Hydel, Thermal, Nuclear power plants – Principles and types of co generation – Diesel , Gas, Pumped storage schemes – Renewable Energy Sources – Solar PV system – Wind power Generation – Hybrid Solar PV system– Grid or Interconnected system – Load curves – Connected load – Average load – Maximum demand – Diversity factor – Tariff – Load sharing

**Transmission:** Elements of transmission Line – Overhead line – Types of Insulators – properties – string efficiency – Types of conductors – Spacing – Span – Sag – Calculation of Sag – Constants of a Transmission line – Transposition of Transmission lines – Skin Effect – Ferranti effect – Corona – capacitance – grading – Voltage regulation and efficiency – HV DC Transmission – Underground cables – classification, construction details, laying, cable faults

**Distribution:** Substation – classification of substations – substation equipments – Bus bar – Types of bus bar arrangement – Distribution system – classification of Distribution Systems – types connection – schemes of Distribution System – AC Distribution calculations

**Switch Gears:** Basic principle of circuit breaker – Arc phenomenon – Methods of Arc extinction– Circuit breaker ratings – Classification, Construction and Working principle of various Circuit Breakers, MCBs, ELCB, RCCB, SF6, Vacuum Circuit Breaker – Fuses – Fuse Element materials – HRC, cartridge fuse, Voltage surge – causes of over voltage – Lightning – Lightning arrester

**Protective relays:** Importance – classification of relays – Principle, Operation, Construction, Characteristics, application of various protective relaying

**Grounding**: Equipment grounding – System grounding – ungrounded neutral system – Methods of grounding

**System of wiring:** List of symbols – Rules – Elements – Circuits – Types of internal wiring – Protection of electrical installation – electric shock – Soil resistivity – Safety signs – Domestic and Industrial wiring – Estimate and costing

**Earthing:** Requirement of earthing – Methods of earthing

**Electric drives & braking**: Types of Electric drives – Concept of electric drives – Factors governing the selection of motors – Standard ratings of motor – Classes of load duty cycles – Braking – Type of Braking – Electric braking – Plugging, Dynamic and Regenerative braking

**Electric Traction:** Traction systems – Methods of supplying power – Over Head equipments – Different systems of Track Electrification – Booster transformer – Neutral sectioning Traction Mechanics – Traction motors and control – Regenerative Braking

**Illumination:** Definition and units of different terms used in illumination – Sources of light – Arc lamp, Incandescent lamp, Halogen Lamp, Sodium vapour lamp, High pressure mercury vapour lamp, Fluorescent tube – Induction lamp – LED lamps, Requirements of Good Lighting System – Laws of Illumination – Types of Lighting Scheme – Design of lighting scheme – Energy efficient lamps & lighting controls

**Electric heating:** Modes of heat transfer – Types of electric heating – Electric furnaces – Electric welding

**Storage Batteries:** Classification of cells – construction – chemical action – electrical specifications – efficiencies – defects and their remedies – capacity – methods of charging – series and parallel connections of batteries – maintenance – applications

**Power electronics devices and circuits:** Semiconductor and Diodes – Classification, working, characteristics and applications – intrinsic and extrinsic, N type and P type – PN junction diode – Zener diodes – Rectifiers – filters – Transistor – transistor biasing – classification of amplifiers – negative feedback – oscillators and multivibrators – FET, UJT, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC, MOSFET, Classifications of optoelectronic devices – symbols, characteristics and working of LDR, LED, 7-segment LED and LCD – opto coupler – photo transistor – Clipper, clamper circuits – Solar cell – Applications of power electronics –SMPS, Inverters, UPS, Converters

**Digital electronics:** Number System – Conversion from one to another – binary codes – Boolean Algebra

**Logic gates:** Basic logic gates – Universal gates – Special gates – Boolean techniques – Boolean expression – TTL, CMOS Logics – Tristate logic – Combinational Circuits – Arithmetic circuits – Binary Addition& subtraction – Parallel and serial adders – Encoder and decoder – Multiplexer – Demultiplexer – Parity checker and generator

**Sequential circuits:** Flipflops – SR, JK, T, D Flipflops, JK Master slave Flipflop – Triggering of Flipflop – edge and level triggering – Counters – Registers – Memory devices

**Basic computer:** Computer hardware – CPU – RAM – ROM – I/O devices – Software – Internet and Web Technologies – Elementary concepts in Operating System – Windows – Introduction to MS Office – Auto CAD

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